

ASSESSMENT BOOK

FOR THE YEAR

1927

Town of Powers

CASS COUNTY, MINN.

MILLER-DAVIS COMPANY
PRINTERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS, STATIONERS, LEGAL BLANKS, BARS AND
COUNTY SUPPLIES, 210-221 SO. FOURTH ST., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DIRECTIONS TO ASSESSOR.

OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR

1927.

W. L. Cass County, Minn. Assessor of the Town of Powers

According to the requirements of law, herewith deliver to you the Real and Personal Property Assessment Books for the year 1927, containing a list of all Platted and Unplatted Real Estate subject to taxation, so far as the same have come to my knowledge from any source and I hereby direct you to assess all property and make return thereof to me as required by the law prescribing your duties hereto annexed.

A form of the return to be signed by you is appended in this book.

A. T. Gale County Auditor

Extracts from Laws Relating to the Listing of Personal Property.

(Section Numbers Refer to General Statutes, 1923.)

Sec. 1974. PROPERTY SUBJECT TO TAXATION. All Real and Personal Property in this State, and all Personal Property of every kind, whether tangible or intangible, except such as is by law exempt from taxation.

WHEN LISTED AND ASSESSED.

Sec. 1984. * * * Personal Property shall be listed and assessed with reference to its value on May 1, and, if the same is real property, on that day, shall be listed by or for the person acquiring it.

Sec. 1989. By whom listed. Personal property shall be listed in the manner following: 1. Every person of full age and sound mind, being a resident of this state, shall list all his moneys, credits, bonds, shares of stock in any corporation, annuities, franchises, royalties, and other personal property.

2. He shall also list separately, and in the name of his wife, child, or other person, all his moneys, credits, bonds, shares of stock, annuities, franchises, royalties, and other personal property, controlled by him as the agent or attorney, or on account of a minor child or insane person, or on account of moneys deposited subject to the order, check or draft, and credits due from or owing by any person, company or corporation.

3. The property of a minor child or insane person shall be listed by his guardian, or by the person having such property in charge.

4. The property of a person for whose benefit it is held in trust shall be listed by the trustee, or by the executor or administrator.

5. The property of a corporation whose name is in the hands of a receiver, by such receiver.

6. The property of a body politic or corporate, by the proper agent or officer thereof.

7. The property of a firm or company, by a partner or agent thereof.

8. The property of manufacturers and others in the hands of an assignee, by such assignee in the name of his principal, as merchant.

Sec. 1993. Where listed. Every person as aforesaid in this chapter provided personal property shall be listed in the county, town, or district where the owner, agent, or trustee resides.

Sec. 2000. Merchants and manufacturers. The personal property of a merchant or manufacturer shall be listed in the town or district where the firm or corporation is situated, and in the name of the principal, as merchant or manufacturer.

Sec. 2001. Farm property. Personal property of a farmer or other person engaged in agriculture shall be listed in the town or district where the farm is situated, and in the name of the principal, as farmer or other person engaged in agriculture.

Sec. 2002. Household goods. All household goods and furniture, including clocks, musical instruments, sewing machines, and other articles of personal and domestic use, shall be listed and assessed in the district where the same is usually kept.

Sec. 2003. Elevators, etc., on railroad. All elevators and warehouses, with the machinery and fixtures therein, situated upon the railroad, and exclusively controlled by such company, shall be listed and assessed in the town or district where the same is situated, in the name of the owner, if known, and, if not known, as "owner unknown."

Sec. 2012. Personal property of electric light and power companies. Personal property of electric light and power companies, including electric light and power companies, shall be listed and assessed in the town or district where the same is situated, in the name of the principal or other piece of business of said company as located.

Sec. 2013. Personal property of cities and villages. Personal property of cities and villages, including electric light and power companies, shall be listed and assessed in the town or district where the same is situated, in the name of the principal or other piece of business of said company as located.

Sec. 2014. Personal property of decedent. The personal property of a decedent shall be listed and assessed in the town or district where the same is situated, in the name of the executor or administrator.

Sec. 2015. Personal property of guardian. The personal property of a minor under guardianship shall be listed and assessed in the town or district where the same is situated, in the name of the guardian.

Sec. 2016. Assignees and receivers. Personal property in the hands of an assignee or receiver shall be listed and assessed in the place of listing before his appointment.

Section 1986, General Statutes of Minnesota, 1923. The county auditor shall annually provide the necessary assessment books and blanks at the expense of the county, for and to correspond with each assessment district. He shall make out, in the real property and, if unknown, so stated opposite each tract or lot, the number of acres, and the lots or parts of lots, or blocks included in each assessment district. The list of real property becoming subject to assessment and taxation every odd numbered year shall be printed in the assessment books. The assessment books and blanks shall be in readiness for delivery to the assessors on or before the first day of the year. The assessors shall meet at the county auditor's office on the first day of the year for the purpose of receiving instructions as to their duties under the laws of the state. Each assessor attending such meetings shall receive as compensation for such service the sum of four dollars per day for each day of the year, and returning from the county seat to be computed by the usually traveled route and paid out of the county treasury upon the warrant of the county auditor.

Sec. 2017. Property moved between May and July. The owner of personal property, removed from one county, town, or district in which the same is assessed, and which shall be assessed in either of these places, shall be assessed in the county, town, or district into which it is moved, and the date of removal shall be the date of assessment. If the property is moved from one county, town, or district to another county, town, or district, the date of removal shall be the date of assessment in the county, town, or district into which it is moved.

Sec. 2018. When listed in case of death. In case of death of the owner of personal property, the date of listing shall be the date of the death of the owner, and the date of assessment shall be the date of the death of the owner, unless the property is sold or otherwise disposed of before the date of death, in which case the date of assessment shall be the date of the sale or other disposition.

Sec. 2019. Lien to be verified. Every person required to list his personal property shall verify the value of the same by the oath of himself or of some other person, and the value so verified shall be the value for assessment purposes.

Sec. 2020. Examination under oath. Whenever the assessor shall be of the opinion that the person listing property or whose value is in dispute, has not made a true and correct statement of the value of the property, he may examine the person under oath, and if such person shall refuse to make a full and true statement of the value of the property, he may be assessed at the value determined by the assessor, or at such other value as may be determined by the assessor.

Sec. 2021. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2022. Failure to obtain list. In case of failure to obtain a list of the personal property of a person, the assessor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2023. Assessor may enter dwellings, etc. Any officer or agent of the assessor, or any other person, may enter any dwelling, or other building, or structure, and view the same and the property therein, for the purpose of assessing the same.

Sec. 2024. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2025. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2026. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2027. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2028. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2029. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2030. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2031. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2032. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2033. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2034. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2035. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2036. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2037. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2038. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2039. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Sec. 2040. False statement regarding taxes. Every person who, in making a statement of the value of his personal property, makes a false statement, or omits to state any material fact, or makes any statement which he knows to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

Powers Cass C.

